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that are not affiliated persons, as defined in Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(3)), of the bank, if the bank makes available the securities of investment companies that are affiliated persons, as defined in Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(3)); and

- (5) The bank does not solicit securities transactions except through the following activities:
- (i) Delivering advertising and sales literature for the security that is prepared by the registered broker-dealer that is the principal underwriter of an investment company, or prepared by an investment company that is not an affiliated person, as defined in Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(3)), of the bank;
- (ii) Responding to inquiries of a potential purchaser in a communication initiated by the potential purchaser of the security; provided, however, that the content of such responses is limited to information contained in a registration statement for the security filed under the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.) or sales literature prepared by the principal underwriter that is a registered broker-dealer;
- (iii) Advertising of trust activities, if any, permitted under Section 3(a)(4)(B)(ii)(II) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(4)(B)(ii)(II)); and
- (iv) Notifying its existing customers that it accepts orders for securities in conjunction with solicitations related to its other custody activities.
- (b) For purposes of this section, the term *principal underwriter* has the meaning given in Section 2(a)(29) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(29)).

[66 FR 27796, May 18, 2001]

§ 240.3a4-6 Exemption from the definition of "broker" for banks that execute transactions in investment company securities through NSCC Mutual Fund Services.

A bank that meets the conditions for an exception or exemption from the definition of the term "broker," except for the condition in Section 3(a)(4)(C)(i) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(4)(C)(i)), is exempt from such condition solely for transactions in investment company securities effected through the National Securities Clearing Corporation's Mutual Fund Services.

[66 FR 27796, May 18, 2001]

§ 240.3a5-1 Exemption from the definition of "dealer" for bank engaged in riskless principal transactions.

- (a) A bank is exempt from the definition of the term "dealer" solely for engaging in riskless principal transactions if the number of such riskless principal transactions during a calendar year combined with transactions in which the bank is acting as an agent for a customer pursuant to Section 3(a)(4)(B)(xi) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(4)(B)(xi)) during that same year do not exceed 500 transactions.
- (b) For purposes of the 500-transaction limit in paragraph (a) of this section, a riskless principal transaction counts as:
- (1) Two transactions if neither transaction comprising the riskless principal transaction is with a broker or dealer; or
- (2) One transaction if either transaction comprising the riskless principal transaction is with a broker or dealer.
- (c) For purposes of this section, the term riskless principal transaction means a transaction in which, after having received an order to buy from a customer, the bank purchased the security from another person to offset a contemporaneous sale to such customer or, after having received an order to sell from a customer, the bank sold the security to another person to offset a contemporaneous purchase from such customer.

[66 FR 27798, May 18, 2001]

§ 240.3a11-1 Definition of the term "equity security".

The term *equity security* is hereby defined to include any stock or similar security, certificate of interest or participation in any profit sharing agreement, preorganization certificate or subscription, transferable share, voting trust certificate or certificate of deposit for an equity security, limited partnership interest, interest in a joint venture, or certificate of interest in a